CAROLINA OBSERVER
And
FAYETTEVILLE GAZETTE.

Volume VI.) Fayetteville, North Carolina, May 8, 1823. (Number 49.

THE OBSERVER,

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY JOHN MACRAE,

TERMS,

THREE DOLLARS *a year, payable in advance.*

☞No subscription will be received for less than twelve months; and any subscriber omitting to give notice of his wish to discontinue at the expiration of the year, will be considered as desiring a continuance. When arrearages are incurred, no paper will be discontinued until such are paid, except at the option of the Editor.

ADVERTISEMENTS *inserted at the rate of sixty cents a square for the first insertion, and thirty cents for each subsequent one.*

☞Every advertisement unaccompanied with instructions, will be continued and charged, until specially ordered to be stopped; and no advertisement, from a distance, will be inserted until it has been paid for, or its payment assumed by some person in this town or its vicinity.

RHEUMATISMS
AND
Inflamations Cured.

IT IS A FACT,

THAT Rheumatisms of 'ordinary kind can be almost infallibly cured, and Rheumatic Pains always mitigated, in a few hours, by the use of Dr. PIERRE E. BRANDINE's *Anti Rheumatic Salve.* Tho' most valuable for its efficacy in Rheumatisms, this Salve is probably not surpassed in the cure of Bruises, Sprains, Burns, Scalds broken Breasts, sore Nipples, and other external inflammations. A more valuable Family Medicine, it is presumed, has never been offered. Sold in tin boxes, at one dollar, with printed directions and certificates of its utility. Druggists will at present be furnished on commission or can be purchased at a liberal deduction.

R. EDWARDS, *Agent,*
At Charleston, for the Southern States.

A few boxes of this invaluable medicine, for sale at the store of

O. P. STARK.

Fayetteville, April 17, 1823—6m.

State of North Carolina,
ANSON COUNTY.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions.
April Term, 1823.

Samuel Knox *vs.* John Rogers—Original Attachment, levied on Land lying on Mill Creek, bounded by Vincent Parsons and others.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of this Court, that the defendent, John Rogers, is not an inhabitant of this state—Therefore ordered, That publication be made in the Carolina Observer and Fayetteville Gazette, for three months, that the defendant come forward on or before the next Term of this Court, to be held at the Court House in Wadesborough, on the second Monday in July next, to replevy and plead, otherwise Judgement final will be entered against him.

WILLIAM DISMUKES Clk
16th, April 1823. 47.

State of North-Carolina,
MOORE COUNTY,
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions.
February Term, 1823.

Roderick McAuley vs. *William Spoon.* } Original Attachment,

Levied on 225 Acres of Land, on the waters of Drowning Creek, near or adjoining Angus Campbell's Lands.

THIS Suit is published that the Defendant may have notice thereof, so that he may appear and defend if he thinks proper.

CORN. DOWD, Clk.
42:3m.

Barnum Beach & Co.
HAVE JUST RECEIVED,
15 Packages
LADIES' & GENTLEMENS'
BOOTS & SHOES.
Made particularly for Retailing.
ALSO,
14 Doz. Blk. & Coloured Morocco
10 Doz. Hair Seives
10 Boxes Cotton Cards,

Which are offered at Wholesale and Retail, lower than usual, for Cash.

☞All debts contracted with us, after this notice, will be considered on interest after 30 days.

Feb: 13, 1823: 37tf

PLANTER'S HOTEL.

THAT elegant, new, three story Brick House, built by Col. J. Clark, on the rising ground of Hay-street, a little above the Mansion Hotel, calculated for a House of Entertainment, now the property of Mr. Wm. L. McNeill, has been lately taken by the subscriber and will be open for the reception of company on the 25th of May next. Ladies and Gentlemen travelling, and others, are respectfully invitedto call and see. It stands in the most healthy part of the town, with delightful water brought by the aqueduct from one of the finest fountains in the country. The rooms are large and airy, with fire places in almost all the lodging rooms. The Beds and Mattrasses are of the best quality, and will be kept in the neatest manner, with good, faithful servants, equal, if not superior to any in the state; and every attention will be paid to render their stay agreeable, by their Obt. servt.

P. T. Taber.

☞ In addition to the above accommodations, a BATHING ROOM will be prepared for Hot or Cold Bathing

The Mansion Hotel

Will be kept open as usual, till the 20th May next, when a removal to the above mentioned new house will take place.

Good stabling, Provender &c. for horses

N. B. The Accommodation Stage for Norfolk leaves the Mansion Hotel on Monday and Friday mornings at 4 o'clock and returns on Suday and Thursday evenings, at half past 7. The Charleston Mail Stage leaves every other day at 4 A. M. and returns the intermediate days at 6 A. M.; at which place the stage books are kept by P. T. T.

Fayetteville, April 7, 1823. 45 tf

LETTER LOST.

A LETTER containing One Thousand Dollars, in Bills of the United States' Branch Bank, at Charleston, was Mailed on the 5th of February last, at Charleston, for New-York, and has never since been heard of—it was directed to G. & R. Waite. The following is the description of the Bills:

Letter B.	No. 9,	payable	to J. C. Faber, 1st February, 1817.	$100
B.	64	do.	do. do. do. do.	100
A.	667,	do.	do. do. do. do.	100
D.	299,	do.	do. do. do. do.	100
B.	48,	do.	do. do. do. do.	100
D.	515,	do.	do. do. do. do.	100
E.	746,	do.	to Jos. Johnson 7th Dec 1820.	50
B.	410,	do.	to J. C. Faber, 1st Feb 1817	50
G.	1212,	do.	to Peter Bacot, 12th Nov 1821.	50
M.	1609,	do.	to J. Johnson, 15th Dec. 1820.	20
B.	537,	do.	to J. C. Faber, 1st Feb. 1817.	20
P.	2076,	do.	to J. Johnson, 19th Jan. 1820.	10
F	1487,	do.	to J. C. Faber, 1st Feb. 1817.	10
B.	770,	do.	do do. do.	10
E.	1331,	do.	do do. do.	10
T.	451,	do.	to P. Bacot, 6th March, 1819.	10
L.	1639,	do.	to J. C. Faber, 1st Feb. 1817,	10
Q.	2118,	do.	to J. Johnson, 2d Jan 1821,	10
L.	1951,	do.	do. do. do.	10
D.	626,	do.	to J. C. Faber, 1st Feb. 1817.	10
R.	422,	do.	to P. Bacot, 6th March, 1819,	10
R.	156,	do.	do. do. do.	10
K.	3380,	do.	to Jos. Johnson, 1st Feb. 1820,	10
K.	3379,	do.	do do do.	10
K.	3378,	do.	do do do	10
K.	3400,	do	do do do	10
I.	3400,	do	do do do	10
M.	3399,	do	do do do	10
L.	3399,	do	do do do	10
K.	3399,	do	do do do	10
C.	3601,	U. S. B.	to J. Peal, Philad. 6th March, 1821,	5
C.	158,	do	do do 17th do 1820,	5
C.	3250,	do	do do 2d do 1821,	5
F.	347,	Baltimore,	to J. W. M'Cullough, 16th March, 1819,	5
				$1000

One Hundred Dollars Reward,

Will be given to any person, who will lead to the discovery of the above described Letter and contents, so as it may be recovered, by applying to the Post-Masters at Raleigh, Fayetteville, Charleston and Petersburg.

April 24,—47:tf

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber was appointed at our last Probate Court, standard Keeper for the County of Cumberland, and gives notice that he keeps his office back of the shop occupied by John Murchison, on Gillespie street; he also notifies all persons using weights and measures, within the limits of the county of Cumberland, to bring the same to him for examination and adjustment, as directed by the act of assembly of 1818. All persons neglecting to comply with the requisites of said act of assembly, will be prosecuted as therein directed, without discrimination.

Isaac Newbury.

Fayetteville, April 15, 1823. 46tf.

Notice.

THE subscriber having qualified as administrator on the estate of Malcom Buie dec'd. at the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for the county of Cumberland December Term, 1822,—hereby notifies all persons having demands against said estate to present them for payment within the time limited by law or they will be barred of a recovery; and those indebted to the estate by note or otherwise, are required to come forward and make immediate payment to Mr. Angus Taylor, who is duly authorised to settle the same and grant discharges therefor.

eill Buie, Adm'r.

Fayetteville, April 4, 1823. 45 6

HOUSE AND LOT
FOR SALE.

THAT Dwelling House, and Lot containing three acres, or thereby, situated on the south side of Person street, nearly half way to Campbleton, and formerly the property of Robert Raiford, Esq. is now for sale. For terms apply to

LARKIN NEWBY,
or
JOHN ARMSTRONG.

9th Jan. 1823. 32 tf

For Sale,

THAT valuable and well known PLANTATION late the residence of Gen'l. Rowland, 13 miles south of Lumberton, on the main stage road to Charleston. The situation is healthy and pleasant—the quantity of Land estimated at one thousand acres—the Farm is large and in good order, and the houses in comfortable repair. As a stand for a House of Entertainment, it is considered equal to any in the Southern States.

Persons disposed to purchare will apply to either of the Subscribers who are duly authorised to sell and execute titles. A part of the purchase money will be required at the time of closing the contract, and ample security required for the balance.

JOHN W. POWELL, and
D. MACALPIN,
Attorneys for Alex. Rowland.

Lumberton, April 18, 1823. 8w:47.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE subscribers have formed a connection in business under the firm of

Fitzharris & Gallop,

And have taken the New Brick store on Person street, one door east of Messrs. Williams & Co. where they offer at

Wholesale and Retail,
FOR CASH OR ACCEPTANCES,
THE FOLLOWING GOODS.

Extra Black, Blue and Coloured Cloths
Super do do do do
Extra do do Cassimeres
Blue and Mixt Sattinetts
Valencia, Toilinett & Silk Vestings
White and Coloured Marseilles do
Silk and Worsted Ladies' Plaids
Caroline do
Tartan do
Tartan Cloaks
Bombazettes, Assorted
Green Bocking Baizes
Red, White and Green Flannels
White Gauze do
Blankets, assorted
An assortment of Calicoes and Ginghams
Irish Linens and Long Lawns
Irish Sheetings
Thread Cambricks
Jackonet and Mull Muslins
Book and Cambrick do
Black Sarsnets and Sinchews
Green do do
Green, White & Pink Florence Silks
Black Figured Grosvenot do
Black Figured Denaples do.
Stripe Silks, assorted
Black Canton and Bandanna Hdkffs.
Company Silk do do
Black and White Silk Lace Veils
Elegant worked do do Caps
Mull Mull and Leno do
Muslin and Thread Lace insertion
Silk and Cotton Laces
Black, Marareen, Blue and Lilack Plushings
do do do do Gimps
Silk and Tabby Velvets, assorted colours
Black, Blue and Coloured Canton Crape Robes
Black, Blue, Green and White Italian Crapes
Nankeen Crapes, assorted
Black Velvet Ribbons, assorted Nos.
Fancy Ribbons, assorted
Green Gauze
Ladies' and Gentlemens' Black and White Silk Hose
do do Black and coloured Worsted do
do do White cotton do
An assortment of Lambs Wool do
Ladies' and Gentlemens' Black and White Silk Gloves
do Fleeced Kid, Black & White do
do Black and Coloured Beaver do
Gentlemens' Beaver & Buckskin do
do Silk, Worsted, Lambswoul and cotton Half Hose
Tortoise Shell and Ivory Combs
Jet Waist Buckles—and many other Articles, which, together with those expected from New York, in a few days, will make their assortment of Goods complete.

Groceries.

Madeira, Sherry, Teneriffe, Malaga and Port Wines
Jamaica Rum and French Brandy
Lump and Loaf Sugars
Gun-Powder, Imperial and Hyson Teas
Chocolate and Green Coffee
Soft Shell Almonds and Muscatel Raisons
Pepper, Spice and Race Ginger
London Mustard, Nutmegs & Cassia
FFF Powder and Shot, assorted, &c.
Saml. Whittemore & Co's Cotton and Wool Cards

A VARIETY OF
Hardware and Cutlery,
Wrought and Cut nails, assorted.
Sweede's Iron, assorted sizes.

Lawrence Fitzharris,
Alexander Gallop.

Fayetteville, N. C. Jan. 1, 1823.-31tf

Archibald M'Bryde,

Loaned "*Russel's Modern Europe,*" in 5 vols. with a 6th vol. in continuation, to some person. He requests the holder to return them to him, or to John D. Eccles, Esq He also thinks his name is marked on the hundredth page of some of the volumes.

May 1.—48 3tp.

DAVID ANDERSON, Jr

Marble Cutter,

HAVING purchased the Stock of A. Sweetland and taken the stand lately occupied by him, will supply those who want with

Monuments, Tomb-tables Head-stones,

And any other article in the line which may be wanted. Also, Building Stone of every description, of the best *Free Stone* & of the country stone. The work will be done in the best manner and on moderate terms.

Hay-Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

New Establishment.

THE SUBSCRIBER
HAVING ESTABLISHED THE
Coppersmith's Business,
in all its various branches, and having the best of Workmen employed, will keep constantly on hand at his Shop on Hay-street, near the Brick Row,

STILLS
Of Various Sizes,

and Stills will be repaired at the shortest notice, at my Factory as above

⁂ Cash will be given for old Copper and Pewter.

John M. Dobbin.

March 24, 1823. 43-4m.

STILLS

MADE & MENDED

In the best manner, and at the shortest notice, two doors West of Mrs. Perry's, on Old street, to which place the subscriber has removed his Copper-Smith Shop.—Applications made at the store of Maj. Ayer, or at the Post Office, will be attended to.

JOHN MACRAE.

Saddle Horse for sale.

A handsome chesuut sorrel HORSE (with Saddle and Bridle if required), seven years old, and about fifteen hands high; is warranted sound, and only sold because the owner is about leaving this state.—Apply to Mr. George M'Neill, or at the Bank U. States, to

David Walker.

April 17. 46:tf.

State of North Carolina,
CUMBERLAND COUNTY
March Term 1823.

ORDERED, That in future the Court will pay no Witness Tickets in State cases, issued from the Superior or County Court, *unless* the Clerk of said Court shall certify upon such Tickets, that the county is properly chargeable with the same.

From the Minutes.

JOHN ARMSTONG, C k

March 12 41 3m

Run Away

FROM the subscriber, on the night of the 16th inst. a mulatto woman named Sylvia, about five feet five or six inches high, thick lips, rather slow of speech, and fine voice, aged about thirty years—had on a blue striped homespun frock. Also, her son about nine or ten years old named Henry, a very light Mulatto, with grey eyes, and remarkable white teeth—had on a dark homespun woollen coat, balck and white striped pantaloons and good shoes.

A generous reward will be given and all reasonable expenses paid, to any person who will deliver them to me or secure them in Jail so that I get them again.

JOHN PUGSLEY.

Brier creek, Jefferson county, Georgia,
March 17.

N. B. Perhaps she may have been taken off by some villain or villains—if so, One Hundred Dollars will be given to apprehend and secure them (with the negroes) so that they may be brought to justice.—Sylvia will no doubt make for Newbern, North Carolina, from which place she was brought in 1815, by a Mr. Bryant who kept a public house in or near Newbern. J. P.

Groceries, &c.

THE Subscriber has on hand a Large and General Assortment of

Swede and Russia Iron,

And intends keeping a constant supply of that article.

ALSO,

Prime Green Coffee,
Muscovado Sugar,
Turks Island Salt,
A few Hhds. old Jamaica Rum, &c. &c.

All of which may be had on the lowest terms, for cash, or approved notes at Bank, at 60 days—purchasers may be accommodated in quantity, and will find it to their advantage to call and judge for themselves.

E. Stedman.

Fayetteville, 15th Jan. 1823.

State of North Carolina,
CUMBERLAND COUNTY.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions,
March Term, 1823.

Thomas McKay vs. *Duncan Smith.* } ORIGINAL ATTACHMENT

Levied in the hands of John McNeill, esq. and summoned him as Garnishee.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of this Court, that the defendant, Duncan Smith, has removed himself out of the State, so that the ordinary process of Law cannot be served upon him—Therefore, ordered by the Court, that there be judgment of condemnation on the monies in the hands of the Garnishee, subject to the plaintiff's final judgment when obtained—and that publication be made in the Carolina Observer and Fayetteville Gazette, for three months, that the defendant come forward, on or before the next session of this Court, to be held at the Court House in Fayetteville, on the first Monday in June next, then and there to replevy and plead, otherwise Judgment will be made final against him. *Test,*

JOHN ARMSTONG, Clk.

March 10, 1823. 41 3m

Robert Jaffray & Co's.
SPRING IMPORTATION OF
DRY GOODS,

Has arrived, and is open for sale.

April 23. 1823 47:tf

CLOCK
And Watch Making.

GEORGE W. HILLIARD,

HAVING taken the stand directly opposite the Mansion Hotel, respectfully tenders his services to the citizens of Fayetteville, and the country adjacent, that he intends carrying on the above business in all its varieties, and hopes, by strict attention and good workmanship, to merit a share of public favor.

Gold and Silver work, made or re repaired at the shortest notice, and in a neat and handsome manner.

April 24.—47:3w.

Agricultural.

GUINEA GRASS.

The following article is of the first importance to the agriculturalist. It has been handed to us by a gentleman of this town, who has himself imported a small parcel of the seed, with a view to test its utility by experiment; and who has requested its publication in our paper, that others interested in the promotion of agriculture, may be induced to follow his example.

We recommend to our readers the perusal of the following communication. There can be no doubt of the correctness of the statement. Its importance, especially to this section of the country, must be selfevident.

Cape Fear Recorder.

Mr. Smith:—I am so much convinced of the immense importance of introducing the culture and propagation of the *Guinea Grass* and of the highly beneficial consequences that will reward those, who will take the little trouble of trying, faithfully, an experiment, that I cannot resist the temptation of making one more effort to bring it into notice. The paper published was too long for the attention of many readers, and the facts too scattering to obtain their particular notice and recollection. I therefore afford you an opportunity of essentially serving your customers and country, by sending you a short but distinct view of the important subject from the former publication, and an account of my own success.

If it be found to succed in North Carolina, it will be more valuable than the discovery of a gold mine.

Sir Bryan Edward—In Jamaica, it is considered next in importance to the sugar cane. Most of the grazing farms throughout the Island, were originally created, and are still supported, chiefly by means of this valuable herbage Hence the plenty of horned cattle for the butcher and planter: which is such, that few markets in Europe can furnish beef at a cheaper rate, or of a better quality, than Jamaica.

It yields a quantity of grass almost exceeding belief.

From not more than six plants, a pint of seed was given to one person No doubt but a small proportion of the product.

In the East Indies it grows to the height of seven feet—admits of being frequently cut—makes excellent hay. Cattle eat it both in a fresh and dry state, with great avidity.

Col. Laurens, formerly President of Congress, Ambassador, &c. sowed one-fourth of an acre, of very indifferent land, in drills; Seed sprung, and soon covered the ground with grass four feet high and upwards. In August, he divided one of the roots into twenty-eight parts, which were immediately replanted. Every part took root and grew finely.

Dr Brown sowed the seed, in the city of Natchez in the month of April, in holes two feet apart. When the plants attained a proper size, he took them up, and dividing the roots, set them out when the soil was wet, filling up the ground he had appropriated for the experiment. Began to cut the grass on the 16th July. 164 stalks from 6 to 7 feet high, growing from one root, weighed together 30 pounds; the number of stalks were 184, some of which measured ten feet eleven inches in length Some part of the lot very poor soil grass there 6 and 7 feet high.

One acre will more than support five horses most abundantly the year round. One-eighth of an acre, of very fertile land, near Fort Adams, from plants set out the first and second week in May, without any trouble except cutting down the first growth of grass on the 20th June, say in five or six weeks, allowed cutting for plough horses and mules, and supplied them with as much as they could eat during the whole summer. On the 25th September it had been cut four times, and in two weeks would be cut the fifth.

From twenty roots, the fourth cutting yielded 250 lbs. of green grass.

No kind of grass supports the heat of the sun better—and from the first of July until killed by the frost, it will afford a constant and abundant supply of green food.

The seed should be sown as early in the spring as the danger from frost is over, and the plants set out when two or three inches high. They will readily take root. A basket or two of the young plants will be sufficient for an acre,

One hundred plants would enable a poor family to keep a cow in town, or supply a dray horse with food, all the summer.

EXPERIENCE.

About the 20th of May, Mr. A. S. Allen having kindly brought me some seed, which Mr. Gales obligingly sent me, I sowed part of it in a bed 32 feet long by 5 feet wide in three drills. From it I have planted out, at Smithville, 187 roots in a bed 23 feet square, I have planted an irregular piece, at home, with 200 roots; and from the same bed many more roots can and ought to be taken, it having been sown, by an unskilful hand, irregularly and too thick. This, with a little difference of the soil at one end of the bed from the other, occasions the grass to be uneven. Some of it actually measures a little upwards of 6 feet 6 inches. I should have begun to cut this day [July 5]—but observing that Dr. Brown, who sowed as early as April, at Natchez, began only the 16th of July, I think I shall defer it till that day.—Besides the above bed, which I shall call my experiment bed, I have sown a much larger space of ground, from which I shall have it in my power to give liberally, to any persons, without distinction, disposed to give it due attention, and will leave their names with you.

COLUMELLA.

FOREIGN.

Charleston, May 1.

LATE FROM ENGLAND.

By the fast sailing ship *Corsair*, Capt. Petrie, arrived yesterday, in 37 days from Liverpool, we have received our regular files of Liverpool papers to the 23d, London to the 20th, and Dublin to the 19th of March.

War appears now to be considered as inevitable, even by the British government. Mr. Canning, in the Commons, has, with a caution however that is worthy of remark, almost expressed the opinion that War *will* take place.

Lord Liverpool, in his speech to the House of Lords, used more reserve—he denied that the hopes of peace were entirely exhausted. There is certainly every appearance of immediate hostilities.

The Ministry declare that there is no cause at present, to believe that Great Britain will be involved in the war. Portugal, it is said too, will attempt to preserve her neutrality.

It is well known that the English King connot make a will, but that all his possessions go his successor. It appears that the right of George the 4th to give away his fathers library, requires an act of parliament to consummate it.

The famous General Dumourier died in England, aged 87 years.

Earl St. Vincent, died on the 15th of March, aged 89 years.

The Right Honorable Viscount Lord Keith, died suddenly at his castle in Scotland.

Dr. Currie, the celebrated biographer of Burns, died very suddenly near the Islington Market.

The Bank of England have reduced the annual dividend, from 5 to 4 per cent.

A man has been tried in England for the murder of his mother! Happily, for the honor of human nature, he was proved to be deranged, and acquitted accordingly.

The Parliament of Great Britain, are about to cause a monument to be erected to the memory of the late Earl St. Vincent.

A magnificent picture has been painted by Mr. Hayter, of London, representing the House of Lords, during the interesting scene of the Queen's trial. The moment selected by the artist, is during the crossexamination of the celebrated wretch Majocchi, or *non mi'recordo*.

The Duke D'Angouleme left Paris on Saturday, 15th March, to take command of the French army at Bayonne.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Clarence, Admiral of the Fleet, has been appointed by the King of Great Britain, to be General of his Majesty's Royal Marine Forces, in the room of the Earl of St. Vincent, deceased.

The further prosecution of the theatrical riots at Dublin, has been discontinued by authority.

The Gendarmes who removed M. Manuel from the French Chamber of Deputies are said, in an English paper, only to have performed the *Manuel* exercise.

The Cortes of Portugal have offered a reward of 30,000 crusados of gold (10,000 pounds sterling) for a digest of a civil code. The celebrated Jeremy Bentham is catching at the splendid bait.

The anniversary of the Tutelar Saint of Ireland, was celebrated at Dublin on the 17th of March, both at the castle and in the city, in great style. The Catholic portion of the population of that country, appear extravagant in their praise and admiration of the Marquis of Wellesley, their present Lord Lieutenant. At Liverpool, also, the day was observed, by many demonstrations of joy and hilarity.

The report of a regiment of French soldiers, 600 strong, having hoisted the tricolored flag, and gone over to the Spanish Constitutionalists, is discredited in the London papers.

One of the London papers asserts that Great Britain is about to acknowledge the independence of South America.

Great efforts are making by the Constitutionalists of Spain, to put their army upon an efficient footing, and to increase and improve the navy.—*Courier.*

Charleston May 2.

By the sloop *Providence*, we have files of Jamaica papers to the 13th ult.

Between forty and fifty pirates, captured by the boats of the Tyne and Thracian, and the cutter Grecian, were on board the prison ships at Kingston.—The commander of one of the piratical vessels taken, the schr Zaragozana had boasted that he was the man who killed Lieut. Allen, of the U. S. schooner Alligator, on the coast of Cuba.

Commodore Sir Edward Owen's squadron had arrived at Kingston from Barbadoes; and remained there at the above date—of caurse the report of their having proceeded against Porto Rico, or Havana, was unfounded.

A detachment of Commodore Porter's squadron touched at Lucea, Jamaica, about the 1st ult. and offered to take under convoy, any vessels bound through the Gulf.—*Courier.*

The reply of the Spanish Cortes, on the 5th ult. to the King's Speech.

"Sire—The great and noble sentiments which your Majesty has declared to the Cortes at the opening of the ordinary session of the fourth Legislature, must excite in the minds of the representatives of this heroic nation, not only the feelings of love and respect due to the august person of your Majesty, but that degree of confidence and security, necessary for once more encountering dangers, for again saving the country, and placing the throne on a sure basis, which usurpation is endeavoring to overthrow, and which the love of your subjects will exert them to preserve.

"If the circumstances under which this session of the legislature has opened, be extraordinary, and offer a wide field, as your Majesty has said, to the patriotism of the representatives of the Spanish people, their exertions will not be spared in preserving her greatness, and in attending to the wishes of your Majesty, by following the glorious path of a prince who well knows how to support, in conjunction with the representatives of this people, justice, independence, the throne, its authority, the honor and dignity of the nation entrusted to his care. This intimate and close union will happily solve the great problem which now occupies the attention of despots and the people: and the monarch worthy of a free people by combating the caprices and arrogance of ambition and pride, will have the singular glory of having preserved to his subjects the rights of humanity, the liberty of the people, and the sovereignty of nations.

"The unheard of pretension of dictating laws to independent nations will, if not resisted, draw in its train the ruin and dissolution of every state in Europe; and an interminable and exterminating war would reduce this fertile region to the barbarous state of the people of Asia.

"Your Majesty, well aware of the injustice and enormity of such pretensions, has replied with dignity to the notes of the continental powers of the Holy Alliance, showing them that the nation you rule has firmness, and valor and experience neither to submit to caprice or force; and above all, that virtue which points out her rights, and will not permit them to be attacked with impunity.

"The Cortes, Sire, have nothing to add to the reflections of your Majesty respecting the conduct of the Most Christian King, and agree with you that it would be a disgrace to common sense to refute such an antisocial errors, and unbecoming the Constitutional King of Spain to apologize for our just cause in opposition to malice and hypocrisy. Your Majesty is assured that the energy, firmness and constancy of the Cortes are the best reply to the speech of the Most Christian King. The Cortes having full confidence in the knowledge and sound judgement of your Majesty, will prove to the world that you have not entrusted your desires to them in vain; and that without departing from the paths of the laws, their duty to your Majesty and themselves, they will show themselves worthy in every respect of the heroic nation that has confided her destities to them.

"The Cortes, Sire, will never forget the profound reflections of your Majesty, and take pleasure in repeating them. No 'Reason and justice will not be less powerful, than the genius of oppression and slavery. A nation that compounds with enemies whose bad faith is already known to her, is a nation already subjugated; to accept of laws which they intend imposing by the force of arms, is the greatest ignomy!

"These principles, Sire, shall be the standard of our conduct; and convinced as your Majesty is, of the firm and magnanimous character of a nation possessing such a nice sense of honor, incapable of compounding with injustice and infamy jealous of her rights, and fond of the glory and the great actions which have always distinguished her; they doubt not that as they sustained the throne of your Majesty with such constancy and sacrifices against the terrible legions, the chosen captains and military genius of a single individual, who for a time struck terror throughout the rest of Europe, they will also know how to defend with the same virtue and patriotism the respect and dignity of your Majesty, your throne and the national independence, rights and glory

"If this nation performed such deeds when deprived of your co-operation, what will it not be capable of doing, when so closely united with its monarch, protected by the Constitution of 1812, and your Majesty disposed to contribute all in your power towards realising the hopes in which are centered its happiness and prosperity.

"The liberty of your government, are especially necessary to such a co-operation. The Cortes have made arrangement, in case of necessity, for your removal to such place as may be selected by your Majesty and the government, and they do not doubt that convinced as you are of the necessity of this measure, you will accomplish it with that promptness which the importance of the subject requires. The Cortes has heard with the greatest satisfaction that part of your speech with regard to the zeal and activity with which government has executed the decrees of the Cortes respecting the organization and arrangement of the army, and hope, with your Majesty, that its eminent services, and the victories daily obtained over the factious, will without doubt prepare them for greater triumphs over foreign enemies.

"The good feeling of the provinces, the dissipation of the illusions of the ignorant, and the conviction of all that the Constitution is the only anchor to save the ship of state from the threatening tempest, leave no doubt in the minds of the Cortes of the certainty of triumph; and they agree with your Majesty, that neither the timid or evil-minded, can alter the sentiments of this nation, never accustomed to act with injustice.

"The Cortes congratulate your Majesty on the favourable situation of the several branches of the public administration; and closely connected with you, will incessantly labour, as well in the defence of the country, as in consolidating her constitutional system, on which equally depend her tranquility, glory and prosperity.

This address was delivered to the King, who signified his approbation, though his health still continued very feeble; and preparations were immediately made to convey him to Seville on a litter.

Senor Rico said, that it would be in vain to free themselves from that single danger of falling into the power of the French, unless they took care to dostroy the root of these evils. It was now time to take measures by which they might escape a thousrnd misfortunes. He could conscientiously say, that it was necessary and that it was the critical time for the Cortes to declare *the physical impotency of is Majesty!* (Great spplause in the galleries.) When order was restored by the President, Signor Canga said, the Cortes were in a condition to decree to place for removal, the hour, and the very moment.

From late English papers.

LIVERPOOL March 22.

The opinion of our own government, on the subject of peace or war, at length openly expressed in parliament, may he considered as decisive of the question. Their intimate knowledge is paramount to all other reasoning or conjecture, and their venturing an open declaration, after the extreme caution which they have hitherto observed, leaves no doubt that they are perfectly assured of the grounds on which they speak. It may, therefore, be considered as altogether beyond doubt, that war will certainly ensue between France and Spain.

This is the disagreeable clause of the text from which we write. It is needless to dilate upon it. One general sentiment possesses all minds in this country—that the aggression of France is an unjustifiable attack on the liberty and independence of nations. One general hope is cherished; that this aggression may be unsuccesesful. One exception alone is found, and that is in the columns of the London Courier.

We noticed by a short paragraph in our postscript of last week that a counter revolutionary movement had taken place in Portugal, under the direction of the Counte D'Aramante. We said, speaking from the intelligence at that time before us, that the activity of government had speedily quelled it The latter intelligence from Portugal is not at all definite concerning this circumstance: but we learn, at least, that this leader is not suppressed, but still makes some head against the government.

Several despatches from Abisbal detail the complete destruction of the insurgent bands that approached Madrid. It appears that several of the leaders are negotaiting for the amnesty. The Political Chief of Guadalaxara sends a despatch, dated the 7th, in which he states that the Constitutional troops under Don J. Dominguez had, at Trillo, fallen in with a band of factious, 500 in number, commanded by Bessieres himself, which he defeated, and took a great part prisoners. Bessieres escaped with only 30 men.

***House of Lords, 13th March.*—In answer to the requisition of the Marquis of Lansdown, similar to that of Sir J. Mackintosh in the other house, on Tuesday, for the production of the diplomatic correspondence relative to the state of affairs between France and Spain. Lord Liverpool replied with more reserve than Mr. Canning. He denied that the hope of peace was yet so wholly extinct as was generally believed; and would only say, with respect to the production of the papers, that he expected, some time before the recess, to be authoriszed by his Majesty to name a day, after the recess, when these papers might be produced —Some conversation took place, relative to a seeming incongruity on the following subject;—A bill is in progress through parliament, for enabling the King to dispose of certain property, but the King, in the mean time, has given the library of his late Majesty to the British Muscum. The Lord Chancellor expressed himself a little pettishly, but said he would be prepared, on Friday, with an opinion upon the apparent difficulty.**

***House of Commons 19th March.*—Petitions were presented from Dominica and Barbadoes; praying against the proposed equalization of duties. Mr. Whitmore, in answer to a question of his honourable friend (Sir T. Lethbridge) said that he was determined to bring on his motion for the equalization of duties on the day for which he had given notice, (postponed in a subsequent period of the 13th May.) Mr. Wilberforce introduced, with an eloquent speech, a petition from the Society of Quakers, praying for the gradual abolition of slavery in the West Indies. On motion of Mr. Goulburn the Irish tithes commutation bill was read a first time, and ordered to be read a second time on the 22d of April. Mr. Buxton then gave notice, that he should on the 22d April next move for a committee to investigate the state of slavery in our West India Colonies. Mr. Hume moved for certain returns respecting the prosecutions for blasphemous libels, the number of individuals, their names, and the character of the libels, prosecuted between 1812 and 1822. The house then went into a committee of supply on the army extraordinaries, when various grants were passed, with various opposition.**

***House of Cammons, March 18*—General Gacoyne presented two petitions from Liverpool; one against the insolvent debtors act, the other against state lotteries. Upon the latter, Mr. Bennett and Sir W. de Crespigny said a few words; reprobating the system of state lotteries. Mr. Canning presented some papers relative to the slave trade, stating the acquiescence of the King of the Netherlands and the government of Spain in some articles of treaty favourable to the abolition—ordered to be printed. Sir James MacIntosh, happy to find the Secretary for Foreign Affairs again in his place, trusted that the negociation between England and France had been conducted on principles of national independence which became the British character. He inquired, with feelings of anxiety, whether there were yet any hopes that the interposition of this government was likely to prevent the unprovoked aggression of France on Spain. Mr Canning, after acknowledging the sense of the British government of the sacred independence of nations, said, he should deceive were he to cling to any hope of averting a war between France and Spain; all hope was extremely remote, and was receding from view He should, on an early day, submit papers relating to the subject; meantime, however, they might depend, in the state of affairs between France and Spain, there existed no specific ground which could involve this country in war at the present moment. Mr. Maberley's motion for the repeal of the assessed taxes, was lots (the first resolution) by 94 to 48. Mr. Peter Moore moved the repeal of the insolvent debtors' act. The Solicitor General defended the principle of the bill. He proposed to take a mature consideration of the bill, with a view to improving it, and laying the result before the house. And the motion was in consequence withdrawn. On the motion that the mutiny bill be read a third time, Sir F. Burdett gave notice, alluding to the late dismissal of Col. Allen, that he should soon bring forward a motion on the subject of military flogging. He the adverted to what had been said relative to France and Spain.**

When a standing army had been supported in time of peace to maintain the balance of power, as it was called, he regretted the giving up all those objects for which such establishments could be supported. He regretted the absence of the Secretary for Foreign Affairs; being anxious to know what Ministers had to say for themselves after at the opening of the session leading the country to believe they were supporting the honor and liberty of England. It was hard to call upon the people for further sacrifices; but there were circumstances under which present interests must give way; and England was wretched indeed when she could not say to the Bourbons—"You must not commit acts of unprovoked aggression against the peaceable & unoffending nations of Europe; you must not overturn that balance of power upon which the general safety has been declared to depend" The whole of those nations upon whose individuality, that balance depended, had, contrary to the uniform policy of our forefathers, been allowed to be absorbed into one or two great powers; when, by a system against which it had eternally been the course of England to struggle, the whole of Europe lay in the hands of a few aggrandized despots, who called themselves a holy alliance. England, he protested, was ready to make any sacrifice to overthrow such a system. If England permited France to accomplish her object, England would be blotted from the map of Europe. In such case, too, Portugal would be overrun. He did trust that England would not be so disgraced, if the thing was done past recalling, as to be pledged under existing circumstances of Europe to a dastardly, dangerous, contemptible and impolitic neutrality. If ministers were determined to favor the holy alliance, why was the house deluded into a forbearance by the concealment of the fact? Had a system of neutrality been avowed, he did not know that the house would have been satisfied with double this years reduction of taxes. He concluded, amid loud cheering, by observing, that the subject must soon be more fully discussed, and that he held the utmost contempt for the conduct which he understood the government had adopted. Mr. Peel deprecated discussion upon the subject at this time. He said nothing conspired to involve us in war. Mr. Hobhouse supported the sentiments of Sir Francis Burdett—as did Sir Robert Wilson and other members. Ultimately, the mutiny bill was read a third time.

FRENCH MARSHALS.

As some of the Marshals which made so brilliant a figure in the wars of Napoleon, are again coming forward on the stage of activity, our readers, no doubt, will be pleased with the following minute from a sketchbook, of those who are now alive.

FRENCH MARSHALS IN 1823.

THE STATIONS THEY FILL UNDER LOUIS 18th. AND THEIR AGES.

1. *Duke of Conegliano*, [Moncey.] Governor of the 9th Military Division of France, and Privy Counse Born in 1754.

2 *Count Jourdan.*—Gove the 7th Military Division. 1762.

3. *Duke of Dalmatia*,—[S Born in 1769.

4. *Duke of Treviso*, [Mortie vernor of the 15th Military D Born in 1768.

5. *Prince of Echmuth*, [Dav Born in 1770

6 *Duke of Belluno*. [Vi of France; Governor of the Military Division and Mini War.

7. *Duke of Tarentum* [Ma ald.]—Peer of France; Gove the 21st. Military Division, vy Counsellor. Born in 176

8. *Duke of Reggio*, [Oud Peer of France; Governo Military Division, and Privy sellor. Born in 1765

9. *Duke of Ragusa*. [Ma Peer of France; Gover Military Division, and Privy sellor. Born in 1774

10. *Duke of Albufero*, [Su Born in 1769.

11. Marquis de Gouvion-Saint Peer of France, and Privy Cou lor.

12. Marquis de Viomenil, P France, and Governor of the Military Division. Age unk but we believe he served in Am during the revolutionary war.

[☞Our French Kalender of present year (which we have ceived from Paris,) makes no tion of the *Duke of Castiglion* gereau.] As he was faithful to 18th, he probably would be in office, and we therefore su he has deceased. The Duke vigo [Savary] and Grouchy, were made Marshals by Bo during the 100 days, are now Lieutenant Generals. Marsha tor, Macdonald, Oudinot an mont, are also Major Gene Royal Guards. (*Boston Sent*

RELIGIOUS OPINION.

"Diversity of opinion (says a la writer) there always has been, and ways will be amongst men. To all men to one standard of religi faith, would be as vain an attemp to bring them all to the same mea sure of height and stature; Not leaves on any trees are exactly si ilar; and minds are as variously c stituted as bodies. Variety, is nature's great law Diversity opinion gives exercise for condescensions, for charity, inquiry, and for fearless exerc our reasoning faculties, wi which these virtue have no sc and good thus results from it. 'L nings and earthquakes break God's besign.' It is the variety tones that produces the swe chords, whilst one unvarying would tire and disgust. It is the variety of nature that imparts lovelier charms. All will be harm in religion when men who agre differ, will allow the christia to those who differ from themselves. Only about one fifth part of the human race have, as yet, embraced the christian religion under any fo and that single fifth part is div into above 500 different sects. Among all of these are undoubt many honest, many sincere enqu after truth, whom God approves, and will finally accept, notwithstanding the mistake of their heads.

"It is no uncommon thing for a large portion of persons whose ti is unavoidably engrossed by the cares and concerns of life, or whose hours of religious study are principally confined to the Sabbath day, to perplex themselves with differe sects and opinions, and to display their zeal upon the hidden and m terious parts of scripture, as thoug religion was a mere system of d cordant opinions, instead of bei what it really is, a rule of daily prac tice.—It would contribute m more to the cause of christian truth, and much better to their own com fort & improvement, if they confin ed their exclusive attention upon the *obvious* doctrines and practical pre cepts of the gospel, and less upon mysteries and speculations, which tend to strife and discord, rat than to edification and brotherly love. Whatever these may effect, one thing is certain, that they neith enlighten the mind, nor amend the heart, nor improve the morals; and they certainly do not sweeten the temper. They lead men only to con tend so warmly for what they do not understand, that they are in danger of forgetting to practice what is most important for them to perform. And remember that it is the best religion which leads us best to fulfil our duties. He who does justly, loves mercy, and walks humbly with God, is most ac ceptable to him; and he who thus aims to be good will not finally fail to be happy."

Tread Mill.—A paragraph in one of late English papers states that "the Tre Mills in several of the towns of the So ern and Midland counties are complete out of work—in other words, where m chinery is attached to them for grin flour, &c. the Overseers are obliged laborers, as these terrors to evil-d have frightened away the vagrants alto ther. In jails where there have been 3 or 40 beggars at a time, there are now two or three. The consequence has been a great reduction of prison expense and a total removal of that nuisance—begging in the streets.—*Nat. Int.*

FAYETTEVILLE.

THURSDAY, MAY 8, 1823.

Steam Boat Henrietta arrived on Thursday and departed on Sunday morning with a full freight and seven passengers.

The North Carolina arrived yesterday with Dry Goods Groceries, and West India Fruit, to sundry merchants.

Daring Robbery.—Hugh M'Donald, an infirm old man (and a revolutionary pensioner) was knocked down in Hay-street, near the foot of Haymount, on Friday night last, about nine o'clock, by a severe blow with a club, and robbed of his pocket book containing forty-eight dollars in money, and some valuable papers; after inflicting this blow, the perpetrator retired a few steps and did not advance until the old man was sufficiently recovered to call for assistance, when he approached and brutally striking him a second time to the ground wrested from him his pocket book and money. At the solicitation of the old man, who seems to have retained great presence of mind on the occasion, he left the pocket book and papers near the spot after taking out the money. The perpetrator was a stout negro man, tolerably well dressed with an uncommon wide brimmed hat.

The act passed at the last session of the Legislature, abolishing imprisonment for debt, (so far as regards debts contracted after the first day of this month) being now in operation and interesting to all, it shall have a place in our next paper.

Pen Twitty.—At the late term of the Superior Court of Lincoln county this notorious man was again convicted of passing counterfeit money, and sentenced to stand in the pillory one hour, to receive 39 lashes, to be imprisoned three years, and to pay a fine of two thousand dollars. He has appealed to the Supreme Court, and will probably, as he has done before, find some means to evade punishment.

The indefatigable exertions of the Solicitor of the Western District, to bring this notorious depredator to punishment, will deserve the approbation of his fellow citizens. Twitty is said to be himself, one of the best criminal lawyers in the state.

FOR THE CAROLINA OBSERVER.

TO THE VOTERS

Of the seventh Congressional District consisting of the Counties of Anson, Montgomery, Moore, Cumberland, Richmond and Robeson.

In August next, you will elect the Member of Congress who will represent you when the question, "*who is to be the next President*?" is determined. From the aspect of affairs, as they now stand it is more than probable that there will be no choice by the people, but that Congress will have to decide the important question. Hence the situation of a Member of Congress always important, becomes infinitely interesting, in reference to this interesting, delicate and serious subject. Hopes are entertained, and they should be carefully cherished, that the good sense of the community will fix upon some suitable character as the object of their choice, and thereby the constitution and the liberties of our country will be spared the shock to which they will be exposed, if the choice of President devolves upon Congress. But hopes are at all times fallacious, and they may become so in this case. Hitherto, little has been said in this state in relation to the Presidential Election, but it is now time that public opinion should be informed and settled upon this subject. Many individuals are mentioned as Candidates for this high office in the gift of a free people: they all have their friends, and none of them but have their enemies. It is desirable that those characters who have the means of knowing, should enlighten the public mind on this most important subject: it is peculiarly incumbent on those who are, or wish to become, Members of Congress. Common report assigns two Candidates to this District who aspire to the honor of representing us in the next Congress. As these gentlemen are aware of the probability, that the one who obtains that honor will, in his representative capacity, be solemnly called upon to decide who shall be President; it does appear to be not only expedient, but their bounden duty, to divulge their sentiments, opinions and feelings freely and fully to the people whose confidence they ask.—Let the gentlemen come out openly and say to the public, in a public way which of the Presidential Candidates they prefer, and state the reasons for their preference. This is a time when the interests of the Union should be confided to none but men of peculiar fitness for their stations: men who can truly discern the public good, and who have the firmness, the virtue and the intelligence to pursue it. An event, pregnant with the fate of this happy country, is about to transpire: those who are, or may be, the active agents in it, should be well known, and their principles should be well understood, in order that their merits may be duly appreciated. This is the most populous District in this state—it is one of the wealthiest, and I hope, is behind none in virtue and intelligence: we have a right to have our *due weight* in the councils of the nation: it is a duty which we owe ourselves, our country and our posterity, that our Representative should be able, well and truly to represent our feelings, our opinions and our wishes; that he should be a man capable of enforcing our rights or of defending our interests, and last of all, that he should keep, or encourage no *silence* or *mystery* with the people on a subject which vitally concerns every member of this community.

A CITIZEN.

COMMUNICATED.

The Editor of the Fayetteville Gazette is requested to publish the following Proceedings in his paper.

Lawrenceville, April 8, 1823.

Pursuant to previous public notice, a numerous meeting of the Citizens of Montgomery took place in the Court House this evening, at 2 o'clock, when Maj. John Durgan was called to the chair, and Dr. Jas. Marshall appointed Secretary. John Culpeper, Gen. John Randle and Edmond Deberry were, on motion, appointed a Committee to report to the meeting, Resolutions expressive of their approbation of the measures entered into in Raleigh, during the last session of the General Assembly, by the friends of Convention:—who reported the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

1. *Resolved*, That this meeting do highly approve of the proposition, for calling a Convention, made by the friends of that measure, at Raleigh during the last session of the General Assembly.

2. *Resolved*, That this meeting do recommend to the people of Montgomery, to appoint one Delegate to represent this county in the meeting of Delegates, to be held in Raleigh, on the second Monday in November next, in conformity to the mode recommended by the late meeting in Raleigh.

3. *Resolved*, That Thos. Hearne be recommended to the people, to fill the above mentioned appointment.

It was then *Resolved*, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Western Carolinian, and in the Fayetteville Gazette; when the meeting adjourned.

JOHN DURGAN, Chairman.

JAS. MARSHALL, Secretary.

Further particulars of the death of Captain Cocke.

Extract of a letter from an officer of the Navy, attached to Commodore Porter's Squadron, to his friends in Philadelphia, dated, Aguadilla, (Porto Rico,) March 10, 1823.

"About an hour before sun down she, (the Fox,) was passing the Moro, when she was hailed by the commander of the Fort. Captain Cocke had the speaking trumpet in his hand to answer when he received three shots, the last of which struck him. He died in eight minutes. He was standing on the trunk of the vessel, with a speaking trumpet in his hand, his left hand in his pantaloons, and in the act of hailing, when a round twenty-four pound shot struck him on the left side took his left arm off above the wrist, and the thigh near the hip joint. It was a most unparalleled outrage on the flag of the United States. *Colonel Cabiva commanded the Fort.* He is the man whom General Jackson calaboosed in Pensacola, & no doubt entertain a grudge against the Americans, which he has gratified in this cowardly manner. There were a British frigate and two sloops of war, under the command of Admiral Sir Thomas Cochrane, at Porto Rico, whose treatment to our officers and to the remains of Capt Cocke, deserves to be remembered with gratitude by every American seaman. In his letter to Commodore Porter, the Admiral says, that such "wanton murder and unparalleled outrage" he had never heard of. He offered our officers every assistance in his power, and sent his band on shore, and a guard of marines, to assist in burying Captain Cocke with the honors of war."—*Nat. Int.*

Marine News.

PORT OF WILMINGTON, N. C.

From the Recorder of May 3.

ARRIVED.

Schr. Governor Brooks, Howes, from Boston, to Cogswell & Dickinson.

Sloop Boston Packet, Calvin, from N. York, to Dudley, Dickinson & Co.

CLEARED,

Brig Larke, Noyes, for Barbadoes, by Tilden and Rowland

Brig Marcia, Bigby, for Havana, by Lazarus and Whitmarsh.

Schr. Boston, Cox for Philadelphia, by Stow & Whittier.

Schr. Sarah Ann, Barn, for New River

Schr. Susan, Harding, for New York by Henry Roby, Jr.

Schr. Martha Jane, Fowler, for N. York by Cogswell & Dickinson.

Schr Governor Brooks, Howes, for Boston, by Cogswell & Dickinson.

Sloop Niantic, Beckwith, for Hartford

Sloop Express, Hough, for Philadelphia, by Stow & Whittier.

EQUITY SALES

Of Mortgaged Premises.

IN obedience to a Decree of the Court of Equity of the County of Cumberland, made Spring Term, 1823, in a certain cause, in said court pending, wherein James R. King and another are complainants, and Abner F. Bowell is defendant, I shall expose to sale and sell by Public Auction, at the Court House in Fayetteville, at 11 o'clock, A. M. of Monday the 7th July next, certain Lots on Hay street, Fayetteville, on the south side thereof near the Town House, the Tenements thereon now occupied as shops or stores by Messrs. G. W M'Donald, Joseph Arey, Charles Clark and Nevin M'Leran

The Lot will be divided into two or more pieces or parcels, plan whereof will shortly be lodged at the store of Mr. Nevin M'Leran for the inspection of intending purchasers. Titles will be made to the purchasers by the Clerk and Master and by Abner F. Bowell, and possession will be given on the terms of sale being previously complied with.

Terms of Sale, Six and twelve months credit, purchasers giving bond with approved security, and a mortgage of the premises to the Clerk and Master and his successors in office.

JOHN HOGG, C. & M. E.

CLERK & MASTER'S OFFICE,
Cumberland County, Sc. 6th May 1823.

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Book of Common Prayer.

A FEW COPIES in Plain, Elegant, and Fancy Bindings, (T. & J. Swords' New York Edition,) from seventy five cents to five dollars, just received and for sale at the POST OFFICE. April 10.

PRICES CURRENT,

Corrected Weekly, by a Committee of Merchants.

MERCHANDIZE.	Qua'ty rated.	From D. C.	To D. C.
BRANDY, Cogniac,	gallon.	1 00	1 50
Apple,	do.	45	55
Peach,	do.	50	75
Bacon,	lb.	8½	9½
Beeswax,	do.	31	34
Butter,	do	15	25
Bagging	yard,	26	30
Coffee, Prime Green,	do	26	28
2d & 3d qual.	do	25	27
Candles, Mould,	do	13	16
Spermaceti,	do		
Cotton,	do	8	10
Corn,	bushel	70	00
Copperas	lb.	3½	4
Flaxseed, Rough,	do		
Flour, Fine,	barrel.	7	7 25
Superfine,	do		
Fish, Herrings	do		
Mullet	do	6	
Gin, Holland,	gallon.	90	1 10
Country,	do	43	45
Ginger	lb.	7	10
Hydes, Buenos Ayres,	do		
West India,	do		
Iron,	100 lb.	4 25	5 00
Indigo, Bengal	lb.	2 50	
Flotant	do	3 00	
Lime,	cask,	2 00	3 00
Lard	lb.	8	10
Leather, Skirting	do	35	37½
Sole	do	28	30
Bridle	side	3	5 00
Lead, Bar	lb.	8	9
Molasses,	gallon,	29	32
Nutmegs	lb.	2 50	3 00
Oats	bush	35	40
Oil, Curriers	gallon,	20	25
Linseed	do	85	1 00
Porter, London,	dozen	3 75	
Philadelphia,	do	2 50	3 00
Pepper,	lb.	24	26
Pimento,	do	25	27
Powder, Duponts,	Keg,	7 00	7 50
Others,	do		
Paints, White Led	do	3 50	4 00
Spanish Brown	do	[illegible]	2 80
Yellow Ochre	do	[illegible]	2 50
Rum, Jamaica,	gallon	[illegible]	1 10
Wind. Island.	do	7	80
New-England,	do	[illegible]	45
Rice,	100	[illegible]	[illegible] 00
Raisins	box,	3 00	4 00
Rags	lb.		
Shot,	Bag,	2 75	3 00
Sugar, Mus. Prime,	100 lb.	8 00	10 00
Common,	do		
Loaf.	lb	17	20
Salt, Liverpool,	bush	75	80
Turks Island,	do	60	65
St. Ubes, &c.	do	60	65
Steel, American	lb.	8	9
E. Blistered	do	14	16
German	do	15	18
Salt-Petre	do	15	20
Tallow,	do	8	9
Tea, Imp. and Gunp.	do	1 50	1 75
Hyson,	do	1 00	1 20
Tobacco, Leaf,	100 lb.	2 75	3 50
Manufactured	do	5 00	20
Wheat,	bush.	1 25	
Whiskey,	gallon,	40	45
Wine, Madeira, L. P	do	2 50	4
Sicily Madeira,	do	1 25	1 50
Teneriffe,	do	1 25	1 50
Colmenar,	do	80	1
Malaga,	do	65	85

EXCHANGE, on N. York, 60: 5½ pr. ct.
Charleston, 2½ pr. ct.
Virginia 3 a 4
South Carolina 3
Georgia Notes, 3 per cent. Discount.
U. S. BANK NOTES, 6 a 7

Wilmington, May 3.

Corn, 60 to 65 cents; Cotton, 9 to 10; Flour, superfine, $7 50 to 8; Lumber, 14 to 15; Molasses, 26 to 27; Tar, 1 to 1 04; Pitch, 1 75 a 2; Turpentine, 2 65 to 2 70; Bacon, 9 to 11; Beeswax, 33 to 35; Coffee, 24 to 26; Rum, Jamaica, 82 to 85; Rice, 2 75 a 3; Salt, Liverpool, 55 a 00; Sugar, 7 50 a 8 50; Tobacco, 4 a 4 25; Whiskey, Rye, 35 a 37.

New Advertisements.

Clarendon Bridge.

THE Stockholders of this Bridge would inform the public that great alterations in the floors and other parts of it have been made, and are making so as to render it perfectly safe, *even* in the darkest nights, to cross it without lights, there being a timber on each side to keep the wheels of carriages in their proper place, and which will also keep the highest loads from catching against the timbers or braces of the Bridge. Reports having been circulated prejudicial to this Bridge, from interested and improper motives, it becomes necessary to state to the public, that such reports are without any good foundation whatever, that more than three years use and exposure to severe gales, freshes and, at different times uncommon weights upon it, testify most conclusively, that its stability and safety are equal to that of any wooden Bridge in the United States, and the very best attention shall constantly be paid to keep it so.

The Toll Keeper will make yearly contracts with any and all persons wishing it at a very low rate.

The distance from Raleigh to Fayetteville, on the east side of the river, and over this Bridge, is but three and three quarter miles more than by M'Neill's Ferry, as ascertained by a late survey of the road; and it is presumed that the Bridge and the advantages of a more firm and less sandy soil will be greatly in favor of this road. No light or fire in any manner, is permitted, in any case, or under any pretence whatever, to be carried upon the Bridge, under a penalty of twenty dollars.

Ithiel Town,
Superintendant.

May 8, 1823 49:4w

Blank Deeds,

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE

Bank Stock for sale.

On THURSDAY the 29th inst.

AT the Town House in Fayetteville, between 11 and 12 o'clock, will be sold at six months credit,

4 Shares of State Bank Stock, and

4 Shares of Cape-Fear Bank Stock, belonging to the Estate of William Warden, deceased. More particulars at sale.

JOHN M'LERAN, Adm'r.

May 6, 1823. 49:4w.

NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Cape-Fear Navigation Company will be holden in the Town of Fayetteville, on Monday the second day of June next.

ROBT STRANGE, Pres't.

May 8, 1823. 49:3w.

State of North Carolina,

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

WHEREAS, John R Chisholm came before me, the subscribing Justice of the Peace, and made oath that he held a note of hand on Wm. Crosland for one hundred dollars, dated about the 6th of November last, payable to him the said John R Chisholm or order, one day after date; and that he, the said Chisholm has lost or mislaid the said note, and also, that he has not traded or disposed of the said note to any person or persons whatsoever.—Sworn to and subscribed at Fayetteville, the 3rd day of May 1823 before me,

John R Chisholm.

D. OCHILTREE, S. J. P.

May 8, 1823. 49:2

State of North Carolina,

ANSON COUNTY.

Court of Pleas & Quarter Sessions,

APRIL TERM, 1823.

Samuel Knox *vs.* John Rogers.—Original Attachment, levied on a Tract of Land lying on Millcreek, joining Vincent Parsons, Christopher McRae & others, containing 1396 Acres.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant John Rogers, is not an inhabitant of this state, it is therefore ordered by the Court, that there be Judgment of Condemnation on the property levied on, subject to the plaintiff's final judgment when obtained; and that publication be made in the Carolina Observer and Fayetteville Gazette, for three months, that the defendant come forward on or before the next session of this Court, to be held at the Court-house in Wadesborough, on the second Monday in July next, then and there to replevy and plead, otherwise judgment will be made final against him.

W. DISMUKES, Clk.

49:3m.

State of North Carolina.

ANSON COUNTY.

Court of Pleas & Quarter Sessions,

MARCH TERM, 1823.

William Dismukes *vs.* John W. Dismukes. Original Attachment, Levied in the hands of Robert Leonard and him summoned as Garnishee.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of this Court, that the defendant has removed himself out of the state so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served on him, therefore ordered by the Court, that there be Judgment of Condemnation in the hands of Robert Leonard subject to the Plaintiff's final judgment when obtained; and that publication be made in the Carolina Observer and Fayetteville Gazette, for six weeks, that the defendant come forward on or before the next session of this Court, to be held at the Court-house in Wadesborough, on the second Monday in July next, then and there to replevy and plead, otherwise judgment will be made final against him.

Test, W. DISMUKES, Clk.

49:6w.

Notice.

ON SATURDAY the 24th inst. there will be exposed to Public Sale, to the highest bidder, at the Town House, at 11 o'clock, A. M. a variety of Household and Kitchen

FURNITURE,

the property of the Estate of Mrs. Mary Ann M'Racken, deceased.

Cash will be required for all sums under ten dollars—for all sums of ten dollars and upwards, six months credit will be given.

JNO. HUSKE, Executor.

May 6, 1823 49 3w.

Strayed or Stolen,

FROM the Subscriber, on Friday last, a Milch-Cow: She is of a pale red colour, has no white about her, her neck is long, her head is small and her horns are short and have been cut at the end. She is of larger size than common, and is in good order. Whoever will deliver her to me, or give me such information that I get her again, shall be handsomely rewarded. I much suspect that some villian has stolen her.

J. A. Cameron.

May 8, 1823. 49:2w.

Ellis' Mills,

(NEAR FAYETTEVILLE.)

THE Subscriber having rented for twelve months, the well known SAW and GRIST MILLS belonging to Mr. John Ellis, and the same having undergone a thorough repair, hopes to receive a liberal portion of public patronage. The access to those Mills is easy, and the proprietor begs leave to inform his friends, that he will shortly have on hand Lumber of every description, which will be sold on as reasonable terms as can be obtained in any part of the county. He would also state that such grain as may be brought to the Mill shall be ground with despatch and in the best manner. Orders sent to either of the Mills will be attended to immediately and every care taken to give satisfaction.

THOS H. MASSEY.

May 8, 1823. 49 3t.

AUCTION

AND

Commission Business.

THE Subscriber having been appointed one of the Auctioneers, for the Town of Fayetteville, has taken that large and commodious Store, on Hay-Street, recently occupied by Messrs. Levy, & Co. where

HE OFFERS FOR SALE

10 Hhds. of Molasses,
7 do Muscovada Sugar,
5 Pun Jamaica Rum,
2 Pipes Holland Gin,
1 do. Cogniac Brandy,
20 Bbls. Sugar,
18 do. New England Rum,
20 Casks Cut Nails,
3 do Fresh Raisins,
2 Boxes Cotton Cards.
120 do 8 by 10 Window Glass,
90 do 10 by 12 do do
10 do Assorted Glass Ware,
12 do Patent Balances;

Together with an assortment of *Dry Goods and Cutlery.*

E. W. Willkings.

May 1.—48:tf.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE Subscribers have formed a connection in business, under the Firm of

Ballard & Singletary.

They have taken the Store, formerly occupied by Mr. Wm. Locke, one door East of the Cape-Fear Bank, where they intend to keep a constant supply of

Groceries,

Which they will sell Low for Cash.

THEY HAVE ALSO,

Horses and Carriages,

for the accommodation of persons who may wish to travel—they will take Horses to keep by the day, week or month, they hope by their strict attention to the above business, to merit that encouragement which their attention to business will entitle them

Wm. W. Ballard.
Benj. Singletary.

May 1.—48:3w.

Ranaway.

MY man JERRY, eloped on the 21st of March; he has an excellent countenance, very ready in his answer, and with considerable assurance; he is about 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high, yellow complected, has a burn on his left arm, a high forehead, and a head inclined to be bald; he had when he left, a variety of clothing, a suit of white Plains, and some homespun clothes, the color not recollected. He may attempt to pass for a free man where he is not known, as he is artful. I purchased him of a Mr. Steadman, in Chatham County, and it is likely he may be lurking about in that neighborhood.

Any person apprehending said fellow, shall be entitled to a REWARD OF THIRTY DOLLARS, if delivered to me, and all reasonable expences paid; otherwise, if delivered in any convenient goal, and immediate information given, TWENTY DOLLARS.

Any information will be directed to Cheraw. Jerry is a Blacksmith by trade.

Charles J. Lide.

Marlboro' District, S. C.
April 28, 1823. 48:tf.

For Sale,

THAT Valuable & commodious

House and Lot

On Maiden Lane, in the Town of Fayetteville, formerly the property of Abner F Bowell, and now in the occupancy of Charles B. Jones, Esq.—Also, PEW No. 21, on the ground floor of St. John's Church, and PEW No. 30, on the ground floor of the Presbyterian Church in Fayetteville.

John Armstrong.

Jan. 14, 1823. 33 tf

SPRING GOODS,

Stuart, Birdsall, & Co.

ARE now opening a *choice* assortment of *New & Seasonable Goods*, received by last arrivals from New-York. Among the Fancy Goods, are some *entirely new* articles.—Also, an assortment of
Thread Laces and Edgings,
Elegant Tambored and Sewed Muslins,
Plain Mull and Book do.
Canton and Nankin Crapes,
Cashmere Crape Robes, an elegant article,
French Crape do do
Elegant Sarsnet Scarfs,
Do Crape do & Shawls,
Superior Black Levantines,
Do Satin Levantines,
Black Gro. de Naples,
Silk Hosiery, Gloves, &c.

Among the Staple Goods are

3 Cases Irish Linens and Lawns, in whole and half pieces,
Irish Sheetings and Diapers,
Russia Drill and Sheeting,
Cotton Cassimers and Nankeens,
Vigonia Cassimere and Cloth,
Fashionable Silk & Merseilles Vesting,
Black Canton Camblets,
6-4 French Bombazeen,
Gentlemen's superior Woodstock York Tan & Beaver Gloves,
Superior Bandanna and Flag Hdkfs.
White and colored Cotton Hosiery,
Knitting Cotton,
Shell Combs,

ALSO,

A Large Assortment of

DOMESTIC GOODS,

Consisting of Shirtings, Sheetings, Plaids, Ckecks, &c.

Umbrellas and Parasols—together with an extensive assortment of Superfine and Second Cloths and Cassimeres—all of which are offered for Sale at unusally low prices for Cash, or approved paper.

April 24 --47:3w.

State of North Carolina,

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions,
March Term, 1823.

Duncan Smith vs. *Robert Raiford.* } ORIGINAL ATTACHMENT,

Levied on a negro man named Jacob and on one hundred and twenty-two acres of Land on Cross Creek, joining John Black's—Also, eighty acres on or near the head of the Walker Branch, subject to former levies.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of this Court, that the defendant Robert Raiford, has removed himself out of the State, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served on him—Therefore, ordered by the Court, that there be judgment of condemnation on the property levied on, subject to the plaintiff's final judgment when obtained—and that publication be made in the Carolina Observer and Fayetteville Gazette, for three months, that defendant come forward, on or before the next session of this court to be held at the Court House in Fayetteville, on the first Monday in June next, then and there to replevy and plead, otherwise Judgment will be made final against him.

Test

JOHN ARMSTRONG, Clk.

March 10 1823. 41 3m

State of North Carolina,

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions
March Term, 1823.

Charles B. Jones vs. *Charles Thompson* } ORIGINAL ATTACHMENT,

Levied in the hands of Francis King and summoned him as Garnishee.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant, Charles Thompson has removed himself out of the State so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him—Therefore, ordered by the Court, that there be judgment of condemnation on the monies in the hands of the Garnishee subject to the plaintiff's final Judgment when obtained—and that publication be made in the Carolina Observer and Fayetteville Gazette, for three months, that the defendant come forward, on or before the next session of this Court, to be held at the Court House in Fayetteville, on the first Monday in June next, then and there to replevy and plead, otherwise Judgment will be made final against him. *Test*,

JOHN ARMSTRONG, Clk.

March 10, 1823. 40 3m

David B. Crane & Co's.

IMPORTATION OF

Hard Ware & Cutlery,

Has arrived and is open ready for sale.

April 23, 1823 47:tf

H. G. NELSON, & Co.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

23 Packages

BOOTS & SHOES,

Which will be Sold at Reduced Prices, for CASH.

May 1.—48:6w.

POETRY.

TO THE RAINBOW.

By Thomas Campbell.

Triumphal arch, that fill'st the sky,
When storms prepare to part,
I ask not proud philosophy
To teach me what thou art—

Still seem as to my childhood's sight
A midway station given
For happy spirits to alight
Betwixt the earth and heaven.

Can all that optics teach, unfold
Thy form to please me so,
As when I dreamt of gems and gold
Hid in thy radiant bow?

When science from Creation's face
Enchantment's veil withdraws,
What lovely visions yield their place
To cold material laws.

And yet, fair bow, no fabling dreams,
But words of the Most High,
Have told why first thy robe of beams
Was woven in the sky.

When o'er the green undeluged earth
Heaven's covenant thou didst shine,
How came the world's grey fathers forth
To watch thy sacred sign.

And when its yellow lustre smiled
O'er mountains yet untrod,
Each mother held aloft her child
To bless the bow of God.

Methinks, thy jubilee to keep,
The first made anthem rang,
On earth delivered from the deep,
And the first poet sang.

Nor ever shall the Muse's eye
Unraptured greet thy beam:
Theme of primeval prophecy,
Be still the poet's theme.

The earth to thee its incense yields,
The lark thy welcome sings,
When glittering in the freshen'd fields
To snowy mushroom springs.

How glorious is thy girdle cast
O'er mountain, tower, and town,
Or mirror'd in the ocean vast
A thousand fathoms down.

As fresh in yon horizon dark,
As young thy beauties seem,
As when the eagle from the ark
First sported in thy beam.

For faithful to its sacred page,
Heaven still rebuilds thy span,
Nor lets the type grow pale with age
That first spoke peace to man.

Miscellaneous.

From the Emporium.

THE RETURN.

'To the home of my childhood in sorrow I came,
And I fondly expected to find it the same,
Full of sunshine and joy as I thought it to be,
In days when the world was all sunshine to me.'

There was one who never said or sung, or heard, these beautiful and pathetic lines without at tear. Poor Maywood, his memory haunts me yet, tho' almost twice ten summers have smiled above his grave.—The spot of earth that was our home in childhood, always takes fast hold of our affections, and our earliest friends are remembered with the warmest hearts. When trials press around us and troubles crowd our pathway, as we pursue our journey to the consummation of our destinies we turn to the peaceful heritage of our fathers still robed by fancy in its fadeless green, as to the only bright abode in the wide world, and lose, in the contemplation of its remembered loveliness one half the pain and tumult of the present; and so, too, when the friends of later years grow faithless and deceive us, the light of youthful friendships, undimmed in the distance, glow brighter & still more bright, as a star that faintly twinkled in the twilight blazes in all its native lustre, when the gathered shades of night crowd into the deep bosom of the heavens. It was thus with Maywood.

He was born and brought up on the banks of the Hudson, not indeed in the midst of luxury, but surrounded by plenty, and blest with an unbroken circle of bosom friends and relatives—a father whom he loved as life, and well he might, for he was one of the best of parents; a mother whose whole soul was wrapt up in her darling boy, and who idolized him almost to a fault; a brother and a sister younger than himself, and loved by him more fondly, because they were more helpless; and a company of schoolmates, in whose merry holiday circles he was the umpire of every controversy, and the prince to whom they paid the largest tribute of their affections. Here he had dwelt for years and as he ripened into youthful vigour, amid scenes so delightful and so full of bliss, his very existence became wrapt up day by day, in the endearments of his home, and the enjoyment of calm and unruffled peacefulness.

Besides all this, there was one other ligament, which, had all these been severed, would have bound him to the scenes of his childhood, had fortune willed it, forever. Beauty threw her witching chain around him at an early day, and it grew stronger, as he grew older. Annette was a year younger than himself. From the companion of his infancy, and the partaker of his sports, she became the mistress of his first affections, and where love is mutual, as it was here, it is not apt to be quenched even by time itself. She was a bewitching creature, beautiful beyond expression, and in the full bloom of health, gay, sprightly and fond of those who loved her; returning the homage of worship with worship, even more nearly allied to idolatry, it was no wonder that Maywood loved—no wonder that as he grew towards manhood his soul reflected but the light of hers.

But he was not permitted always to enjoy his native haunts and mingle in this loved society. A wealthy uncle came over from England on a visit to his father, and became so much attached to him that he resolved to take him with him to London on his return. The time arrived, a week was spent in bidding adieu to his friends, one half of which was spent in solitary rambles with his adored Annette. But leaving the reader to imagine what passed between them, I must hurry him off to England. He had lived these several years; when his uncle, being largely interested in property in the East Indies, sent him to Java to close his business. He remained in the eastern climes three years, and returned with a constitution tottering in ruins. Meantime his uncle had married: new friends & connexions brought with them new attachments and new views, and Maywood found, instead of wealth and honour and the full flow of grateful affection for the most important services, a cold reception, and the formalities of a close and exact settlement. He was stung with this behaviour to the quick, and desired as the only reward for years of toil, and the sacrifice of health, to be once more placed upon his native shore; once more restored to the bosom of his father's home. It was granted, and two months after he landed at Philadelphia.

Though twelve years had now elapsed since he left the banks of the Hudson, during the last six of which the storms of the revolution had raged, and he had received no intelligence from home, he dwelt upon the anticipation of the visit with an enthusiast's delight, and counted over the days and hours that were yet to intervene between him and his native Hudson, with all the impatience of love and friendship. At length he set forward, and after an impatient journey of two days, the wild and majestic scenery of that noble river arose before him. With eager eyes and a full heart, in breathless anxiety he rode towards his native valley. It was late in the evening, but the moon shone bright: and by its light as he reached the lane that led towards the mansion of his father, he saw a man reeling along the fence in astate of deep intoxication; the stranger observed him, and accosting him abruptly, he discovered that it was his only brother.—Though almost overcome with horror at this unexpected interview, he did not make himself known, but asked the young man about his father. My father and mother are both dead, said he, they are buried where you see those white tomb-stones, in younder field and my sister, he died six years ago. Maywood hid his face in his handkerchief and sobbed aloud; he dared not make an enquiry about Annette, but pursued his way to the house, followed by his unfortunate brother. He entered the sacred mansion, now changed indeed from its former neatness and beauty, and prersenting the very picture of poverty and ruin. The door flew open, and the first object that met his eye was the pale and faded features of Annette; she was his brother's wife! and when she saw him, she raised her hands and shrieked with a voice that brought her whole family of tattered children around her.

As one who is suddenly aroused from a dream of rapturous bliss to behold the march of desolation and the hopeless waste of ruin, longs to shut his eyes once more and forever on the world, so Maywood beheld the scene in all its wretchedness and misery, and it broke his heart. He lingered through a few gloomy and disconsolate months, and his eyes were at last closed in death by the hand of her whose life had been all the world to him, for twenty years together.

A LIST OF LANDS for Sale in Anson County, for Arrearages of Taxes, called the Court-House Tax, &c.

NAMES.	ACRES.	LOCATION.
M'Kay Duncan	44 1 2	Jones Creek
Meacham Isham	53	do do
Marsh Isaac	300	Lanes do
M'Larren John	250	Jones do
M'Rae Alexander	168	do do
Mullis James	350	Lanes do
M'Larren Neil	250	Jones do
M'Vail John	100	Lanes do
M'Rea Murdock	520	Jones do
Massey James C.	450	Meadowry do
Morris William	250	Lanes do
Maynas Richard	100	do do
Mullis Jacob	200	Richardsons do
M'Rae Alexander	890	do do
M'Rae Christopher	500	Jones do
M'Pherson John	400	do do
Meggs James	175	Lanes do
Moore William	419	do do
McClarta Alexander	250	Richardson do
McGugan Niel,	243	Goardvine do
Mullis James	100	do do
Mullis Frances	100	do do
Nash Thomas	310	Lanes do
Nash Nelson	200	do do
Preslar Peter	105	Negrohead do
Price Joseph	50	do do
Price Wm.	100	Richardson do
Presson Wm.	100	Negrohead do
O'Niel Kindred	300	Goardvine do
Permenter John	686½	Pee Dee River
Preslar John	450	Lanes Creek
Price Elijah	50	Richardson do
Rusell Joseph C.	300	Brown do
Ricketts Wm.	230	Jones do
Roe John	250	Fish Road
Ross Walter	200	Pee Dee River
Roberts Allen	100	Lanes Creek
Rogers Nathan	150	Crooked do
Roberts Hugh	300	do do
Russom John	125	Mill do
Rushing John G.	102	Brown do
Rickets John	22	do do
Smith Arthur	100	Rocky River
Smith Nathan	500	do do
Stewart Joseph	350	Richardson Creek
Sikes Susanna	496	do do
Smith William	340	do do
Shelby Agna	300	do do
Smith Benjamin	260	Brown do
Seagraves John	150	Cribs do
Seagraves William	250	do do
Sikes Sally	25	Lanes do
Sharp William	185	do do
Swanner James	125	Flat Fork do
Threadgill James	300	Grindstone do
Troy Rosa	1400	Pee dee & Wadesb.
Threadgell Gel. Jr.	43	do do
Truman John	350	Lanes do
Taylor John	230	Goulds Fork do
Tison John	104	Brown do
Turner Jessee	250	do do
Turner William	88	do do
Threadgill John	300	Goulds Fork do
Trull Sally	140	Beaverdam do
Turner Nelson	600	Brown do
Taylor Arthur	120	Crooked do
Thomas John W.	450	Richardson do
Thomas John, Jr.	100	do do
Treadaway Daniel	150	Negrohead do
Vinson Wiley	100	Grassey do
Vinson William	100	do do
Vinson Rubin	240	do do
V n Edward	300	Richardson do
Wimberly Abram	250	Brown do
Williams Joseph, J.	117	Jones do
Wilson Geo.	400	do do
Warren Erwin	150	Lanes do
Watson John	710	do do
Walden Thomas	200	do do
Williams Joshua	320	do do
Williams Bennett	76½	do do
Watson Israel	190	do do
Watson Alexander	50	Jones do
Williams Joseph	200	Richardson do
Yearby James	188	Lanes do
Yarbrough Wm.	250	do do

For 1821.

NAMES.	ACRES.	LOCATION.
Austin Austin	400	Lanes Creek
Austin James	467	Rocky River
Allen Benjamin	100	Lanes Creek
Allen James	700	do do
Allen Drury	250	Crooked do.
Allen John	180	Cribs do
Ashcroft William	270	Lanes do
Adams Varnal	160	Negrohead do
Anderson William	100	Grassy do
Austin Charles	150	Lanes do
Austin Pleasant	76	Rocky River
Avet Thomas	523	do do
Allen Gray	200	Lanes do
A.Crumba Isaac.	653	Rocky do
Adiock Thomas	115	Pee Dee do
Allen Nancy	400	Brown Creek
Brewer John	150	do do
Beasley John	543	Lanes do
Barber Noah	266	Richardson do
Bennett Wm. N.	2000	Jones do
Baucom Asa	100	do do
Baucom Wm.	300	do do
Barkley Samuel	266	Brown do
Barber James	300	do do
Bailey Wm. Sr.	600	Jones do
Bailey Jane	125	do do
Brooks James	90	do do
Brantley William	200	Lanes do
Beverly Jeptha	275	do do
Brumbelow David	445	Richardson do
Blakeley Roberts, Heirs	150	Lanes do
Brasel Bryant	83	Negrohead do
Brasel Ruben	160	do do
Burnett Matthew	200	do do
Burnett Jessee	150	do do
Bagget Stephen	200	do do
Boggan Joseph	235	Gouldsfork do
Bennett Nevel	293	Cedar do
Berry George	130	do do
Benton Jerry	200	Meadow do
Ditto		2 Lots in Wadesborough
Baker John	70	Brown do
Billingsly John	300	Rocky River
Brown Archibald	200	Richardson Creek
Belyew Abram	178	Savanna do
Bittle John	150	Jones do
Curlee William, Heirs	200	Negrohead do
Cash James, Sr.	400	Jones do
Curlee John	140	Richardson do
Chapman Allen,	5660	and 1 Lot in Wadesboro'
Culpepper Charles	100	Rocky River
Carpenter Leed	500	do do
Culpepper Benjamin	150	Flatfork do
Carpenter William	49	do do
Chesnut Joseph	280	Richardson do
Coleman James,		1 Lot in Wadesborough
Cash Frances A	150	Gouldsfork do
Covington Elijah	100	Jones do
Cash James D.	810	Gouldsfork do
Crawford Thomas	50	Jones do
Ditto		4 Lots in Sneedsborough
Cook Mary	250	Richardson do
Collins Zack.	250	do do
Clark Elijah	100	Jones do
Chibs James	455	do do
Cole Peter	267½	Pee Dee River
Caraker George	550	Rocky do
Crump Stephen	50	do do
Dickson Nicholas	111	Flatfork do
Douglas Walter L.	100	Jones do
Dunn Drury	250	Lanes do
Dunn Aaron	368	Cribs do
Davidson Richmond G.	500	Brown do
Ditto		1 Lot in Wadesborough
Douglas William, Jr.	150	Jones do
Diggs Dudley	70	do do
Diggs Marshall, Sr.	729	Haleys Road
Dudley John		2 Lots in Sneedsborough
Biggs William, Sr.	610	Jones Creek
Drew Mary	175	Jacks branch
Gurley Charles	175	Brown do
Digg Berry Little	50	Haleys Road
Diggs Christian, Widow	300	Jones Creek
Diggs John H.	200	do do
Dunn Hezekiah	250	Savanna do
Dismukes John W.	50	Milton do
Dunn James	92½	Gouldsfork do
Edwards Sarah	350	Lanes do
Elliot Richard	150	do do
Edwards Alfred	240	Jones do
Evans Enoch J.		2 Lots in Sneedsborough
Everet James	72	Jones do
Evans William	111½	do do
Evans John, Heirs	300	Rays fork do
Flake Elijah	325	Smith do
Freeman John	150	Lanes do
Thomas Daniel	160	Goulds fork do
Folk Nicholas	291	Beaver dam do
Flake Jordan	649	Jones do
Green Jones	400	Rocky River
Ditto		Grist Mill
Gurley William	280	Richardson Creek,
Gurley Mary, Montg.	400	Rocky River
Gordan James	755	Brown Creek
Githings Charles	250	Jones do
Gatewood Griffin	480	do do
Gurley William	220	Richardson do
Griffin John	500	Negrohead do
Griffin James	150	do do
Griffin Anson	300	do do
Green John	350	Rocky River
Gaddy William, Sr.	463	Brown do
Gad William	160	do do
Green Sarah	300	Rocky River
Gilliam Howel	350	Brown Creek
Harrington Henry W.	1250	Pee Dee River
Howard Myreck	330	Richardson Creek
Hudson Joshua, Jr.	100	do do
Hubbert Thomas	442½	Brown do
Hildrith David, Sr.	175	Jones do
Hildrith John	133	do do
Howard James	130	do do
Hossey Robert	150	Lanes do
Holley Absalom	1550	do do
Hyett William	650	do do
Haglar Peter	760	Rocky River
Hinson Charles	350	Fish Road
Haglar John	290	Crooked Creek
Helms Solomon	75	Richardson do
Hair John	50	Jones do
Hair William	288	do do
Haney David	25	Lanes do
Hill Simon	74	Thompsons do
Harrel Isham	200	Browns do
Hildrith David	150	Pee Dee River
Hutcherson Jno. K. Sr.	100	Savanna Creek
Hutcherson Philip	192	Cedar do
Henry George	100	do do
Jones John	200	Lanes do
Jernagan Samuel	669	Jones do
Jones Wiley	150	Goulds fork do
Ingram Larke	312	Brown do
Jackson Stephen	201	Thompsons do
Kindred Elisha	880	Flat fork do
Kimbrough James	210	Goulds fork do
Kindred Samuel	168	Cedar do
Kelpen Leven, Heirs	300	Beaver dam do
Landom Samuel	100	Jones do
Luallen Isaac	250	Lanes do
Little Hosa	270	Goardvine do
Liles Elijah	235	Jones do
Little Mike	200	Goulds fork do
Lee Brinkley	100	Lanes do
Linch Edmond G.	250	Rocky River
Long Rebecca	75	Pee Dee do
Lilley Armagar	200	Browns Creek
Leefey John	200	Buffalow do
Moore Spear	160	Richardson do
Moore Reddick	259	do do
McIntyre John	99	do do
McIntyre Wm. Jr.	150	do do
Musslewhite Leonard	190	do do
McLauthlin Daniel	200	Jones do
Moss Riley	50	do do
McRae Philip	690	do do
McRae Angus	418	do do
McRae John C.	84	do do
McRae Cotten E.	175	do do
McMillon Amon	600	Lanes do
McRae Alexander	896	Richardson do
Mullis Jacob	200	do do
Mullis James	350	do do
Mullis James	100	do do
Meeks Jonas	50	Jones do
McGugan Niel	225	do do
McRae John R.	158	do do
McKinzey Hugh	108	do do
McPherson John	400	do do
Moore William	419	do do
Moore Robert	287	do do
McRae Alex. A.	168	do do
Morrison John	50	do do
May Benjamin	125	do do
McRae Christopher	275	do do
McLarren John	206	Thompsons do
McRae Murdock	500	do do
Morgan William	150	Brown do
Myrick Wyett	200	Richardson do
Myrick George	50	do do
Massey James C.	886	Meadow do
Nicholson James	100	Jones do
Persor Jeremiah	150	Pinelog do
Philips John	500	Jones do
Pearce Asa	1000	Lanes do
Presson Sarah	100	Richardson do
Presson John	150	do do
Penion Rubin, Jr.	200	Grassey do
Presson Matthew	110	Richardson do
Penion Ruben, Sr.	200	do do
Polk John, Sr.	375	Crooked do
Preslar Elias	950	Lanes do
Proctor John	49½	Goulds Fork do
Preslar Stephen	115	do do
Pratt Wm.	238	Jones do
Prat Samuel	329	do do
Parsons Vincent	640	do do
Patrick Purnell	400	Goulds fork do
Pearce Levi	314	Brown do
Porter Barney	1038	Jacks do
Price Elijah	56	Richardson do
Perminter John	686	Pee Dee River
Rowe James	150	Grassey do
Rickets John	20	Lanes do
Roberts Allen	100	Meadow do
Rushing Paul	275	Brown do
Ross Walter	200	Pee Dee River
Rogers Benjamin	158	Savanna Creek
Rainey Wm. Heirs	20	Jones do
Rogers Nathan	150	Lanes do
Rusell Joseph C,	300	Brown do
Smith Benjamin	200	Rocky River
Smith Wm. Fifer	100	do do
Smith John	500	Brown do
Steagall Moses	450	Negrohead do
Smith John	150	do do
Stewart John	400	Richardson do
Smith Arthur	100	do do
Seroter John J.	162	Jones do
Seagor Nancy	200	Brown do
Smith Benjamin	260	do do
Spears William	300	do do
Struter Sheppard	188	Jones do
Simpson John	240	Meadow do
Shelby Moses	91	Richardson do
Shelby Holden	209	do do
Sinclair Alfred	640	Brown do
Sanders Thomas	250	do do
Staton Enos	700	Negrohead do
Studivant John	1400	Brown do
Troy Rosa	1400	Peedee & Wadesb. River
Traywick Darkis	180	Goardvine C
Tye John	575	Cribs do
Trull Salley	140	Beaverdam do
Treadaway Daniel	150	Negrohead do
Taylor Arthur	120	Crooked do
Thomas Bailam	70	Richardson do
Thomas John, Sr.	100	do do
Thomas John, Jr.	100	do do
Tarlton Abner	100	Jones do
Threadgill George, Jr.	50	Gouldfork do
Threadgill James	300	do do
Tison John	104	Brown do
Tindal Nehemiah	200	Smiths do
Thomas James	368	do do
Vincent Ruben	245	Grassy do
Vincent Wm.	100	do do
Vincent Wiley	100	do do
White John	150	Brown do
Williams Martin	112	do do
Williams Susanna	368	Jones do
West Charles	128	do do
Williams Bartlett	466	do do
Wright William	50	do do
Williams Udy	100	do do
Warren Erwin	150	Lanes do
Warwick Wiley	300	Negrohead do
Watson Silas	500	do do
Williams John, Heirs	100	Jones do
Woodard Jordan	350	Lanes do
White James	350	do do
Watson Hannah	200	do do
Williams Henry	300	Meadow do
Webb John	650	Jones do
Watson James	300	do do
Ward Henry	200	Lanes do
Williams Wm. Estate	71	Savanna do
Yarborough Amon	175	Lanes do
Yarborough James	184	do do

The sale of the above Tracts of Land, or as much thereof as will satisfy the Tax and Costs due thereon, will commence at the Court House in Wadesborough, on Monday the 16th day of June next, and continue from day to day, until the whole is disposed of.

A Lockhart, Collector.

Anson County, April 17, 1823.

To be Rented,

AND possession given immediately, the HOUSE on Person-Street, formerly belonging to Mr. Thos. Davis. Jr and lately occupied by Mr. Shepherd, deceased. Apply to Jas. Townes, Esq. or at the Bank of U. St.

DAVID WALKER.

April aste.17. 46:4w

Dillon Jordan

BEGS leave to inform the Citizens of Fayetteville, and the public, that he has received the appointment of Auctioneer, and has taken the store and warehouses lately occupied by James McKay & Co. on Green street.—He will feel grateful for a share of public patronage.

April 17, 1823 46 8w.

The Bible Society

HAVE on hand, a quantity of

Gaelic & German Bibles,

For sale at very moderate prices, or for gratuitous distribution to such as cannot afford to buy.

JOHN MACRAE,
Librarian.

March 21, 1823. 42 tf

NOTICE.

THE MANAGERS OF THE
Agricultural Society,
OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY,

Are requested to meet at the Court House, in Fayetteville, on the first Monday in June, at early candle light.

By order of the President.

John Matthews, Sec'y.